



WELCOME TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY ARCHIVE !



The National Security Archive is an **award-winning investigative journalism center**, research institute, and archive of declassified U.S. documents. In 1999, we won a Special George Polk Award for “piercing self-serving veils of government secrecy, guiding journalists in search for the truth and informing us all.” Since then, the organization, its staff, and fellows have variously earned an Emmy, a Peabody, two Pulitzers, and numerous other honors.



Regrettably, ongoing **COVID-19** issues mean that we cannot welcome visitors in person for research. However, during the pandemic we have put renewed emphasis on providing extensive **online resources** that will meet the vast majority of documentary research needs. Read on!

In fact, our **most important and widely used materials are accessible through the Web**, including more than 780 expertly curated electronic briefing books of key primary sources, and our enormous dataset of professionally indexed, declassified documents in the *Digital National Security Archive*, published by ProQuest (see page 8 below).

So, if you are a student or instructor, these records are tailored to your needs — curated, fully searchable, and ideal for research papers or the classroom.

This guide is primarily aimed at students but instructors and general users will also benefit. It will help you navigate our online files – and point you to other essential sources on the Internet.

Table of Contents

Documentation from the National Security Archive	3
How to access National Security Archive online resources.....	4
Basic search options on the Archive’s web site	4
Specific resources at the National Security Archive.....	6
Electronic Briefing Books	6
Sourcebooks	6
Special Exhibits	7
Unredacted Blog	7
Digital National Security Archive (DNSA).....	8
How to use the DNSA.....	9
Where else can you find documents on the Web?	11
Citing our materials.....	13
Terms and Conditions.....	15
Contact Us.....	16

Note: The Archive's aim is to encourage wide use of our materials, so unless otherwise indicated all declassified U.S. government records on this site are freely available to the public. For details about reprinting or citing original content, please see Terms and Conditions below.

Documentation From The National Security Archive

The following are our main online resources. All U.S. government records contained in these publications are free to use without copyright restrictions. The Archive encourages re-use and re-publication of its documents. All we ask is that you follow our citation guidelines (see the final section of this Guide) and include a link to our web site as the source.

Electronic Briefing Books (on our web site)

Over 790 e-books featuring more than 10,000 annotated declassified documents

Sourcebooks (on our web site)

Compilations of related Archive postings that facilitate in-depth research

Special Exhibits (on our web site)

Unusual collections of lasting historical and public interest

Digital National Security Archive - DNSA

(access through major libraries)

60 large-scale publications totaling 150,000 documents and a million pages

Documents or Virtual Reading Room (on our web site)

Collection more than 10000 PDF documents

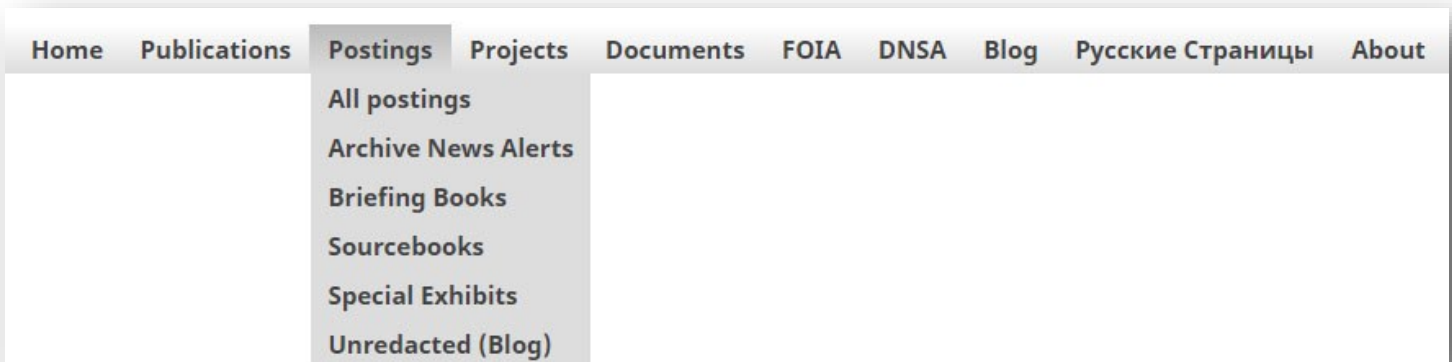
Unredacted (our blog site)

A platform for breaking news and discussion of secrecy, government transparency, FOIA, and the international right to know.

Good to know

“Briefing Books” are one-stop resources covering a full range of topics in U.S. foreign policy. Containing from 5 to 100+ documents, each briefing book features an introductory essay, individual document descriptions, related photo or video content, plus links for further reading.

*The **Digital National Security Archive** is an invaluable online collection of more than 100,000 declassified records documenting historic U.S. policy decisions.*



Pic.1. Easy access to all resources from the main menu on every page of our website

How to access National Security Archive online resources

Basic search options on the Archive's web site

There are two main ways to search for material from the home page. The first is the Site Search box at the top right of the page, which will take you to the dialogue box (pic.3. below) that includes a variety of helpful filters. This option primarily searches text from postings of all kinds on the web site. Typically, it will not pick up actual documents, which are reproduced in PDF form and can be searched via the Documents—Virtual Reading Room –VRR option (pic.4. on next page).



Pic.2. Two main search options.

Pic.3. Advanced search through the site.

Good to know

“Legacy Postings” are the postings (e-books and news postings) published before 2016 and located on our legacy site <https://nsarchive2.gwu.edu>.

In 2016 Archive moved from the HTML based site to the CMS based one in order to be more secured and user friendly. Our long goal is to move all materials from the legacy site to the new one.

Legacy postings look like on example below:



Basic search options on the Archive's web site - (continued)

The second general approach is via our Virtual Reading Room, also linked on the home page. The VRR here's what the search dialogue looks like, including options to narrow by date and/or field.

Virtual Reading Room

Enter terms

Search fields

All
All
Description
Document Text
Source
Title

Document Date

Earliest

Latest

Page 1 of 540 10787 document(s) found

Pic.4. Documents (VRR) search dialog window.

The search fields:

Description—the explanation of the document content, made by our analysts

Document Text—the OCR'd document content (please note, some old documents or poor quality copies of documents can't be OCR'd properly)

Source—the source where our analysts obtained the document

Title—this field, usually, contains much more information than the document title itself (example: **Special Coordination Committee, Summary of Conclusions, "Iran," Top Secret-Sensitive, November 8, 1979**)

Good to know

Documents are sorted by date they were created (newest first). Some documents have no date, they appears last on the documents list.

*The **two oldest documents** in our collection dated 1868 and 1884.*



Specific resources at the National Security Archive

Electronic Briefing Books

The National Security Archive has published over 790 e-books on our public web site presenting more than 10,000 declassified documents on a broad range of topics, expertly selected and annotated. Introductory essays provide historical context and related links point readers to additional resources. New e-books are added one or two weeks.

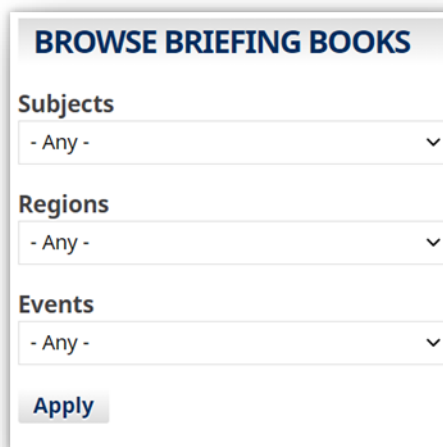
You can peruse EBBs by subject or other criteria through this menu at the top right of the page:

Good to know

The 9 latest **Briefing Books** are presented on the center column of Archive's home page.

List of **all** briefing books accessible from the main menu: **Postings > Briefing Books** (see pic. 1)

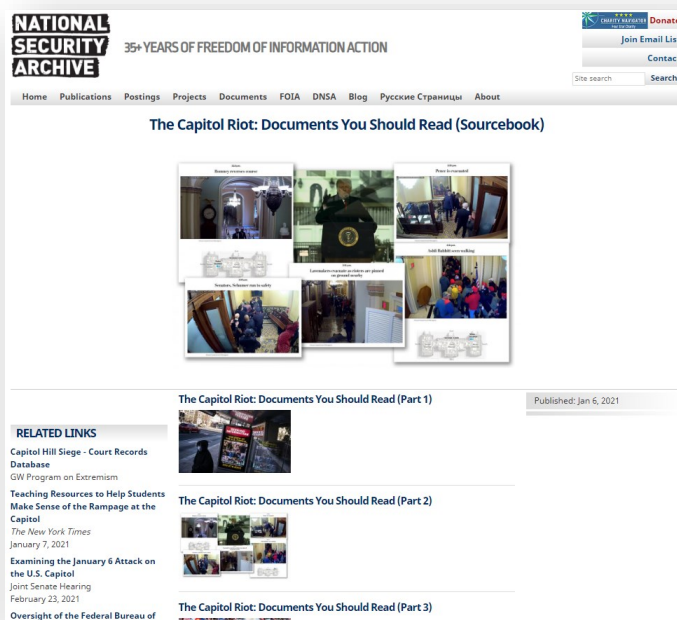
Lists of all **Sourcebooks** and **Special Exhibits** also available through the main menu, under **Postings** tab.



Pic.5. Available filters to browse the briefing books.

Sourcebooks

These in-depth collections bring together related Archive postings on certain topics to make it easier to explore selected issues in detail. Topics include the January 6 Capitol Riot, September 11 terrorist attacks, U.S. policy toward Saddam Hussein, and the 1983 War Scare.

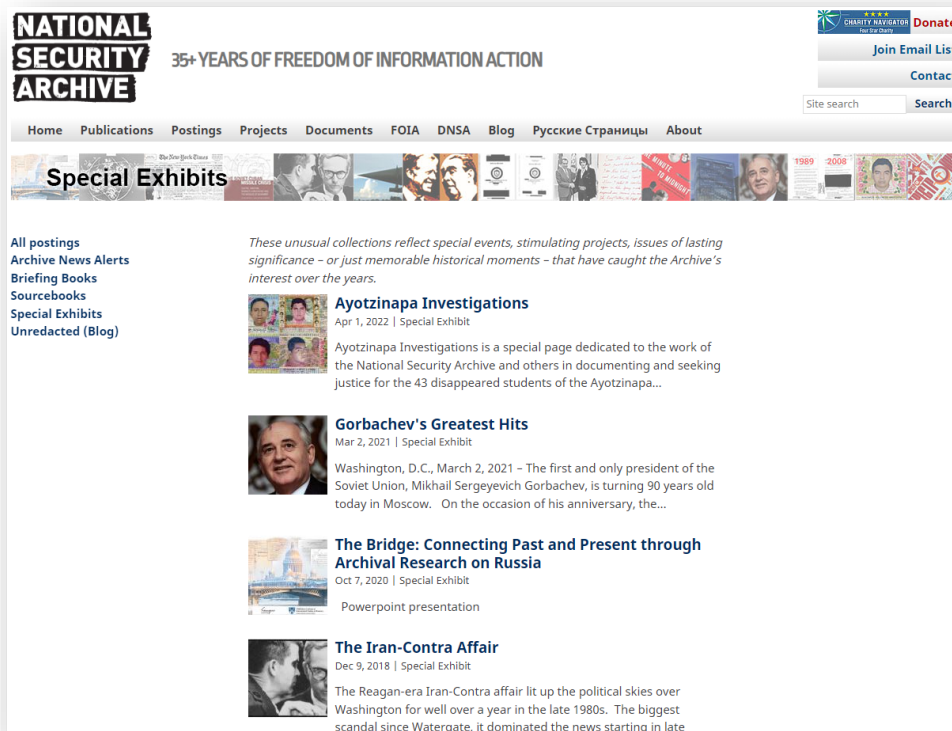


Pic.6. "The Capitol Riot: Documents You Should Read (Sourcebook)" - an example of one of the Sourcebooks

Specific resources at the National Security Archive - (continued)

Special Exhibits

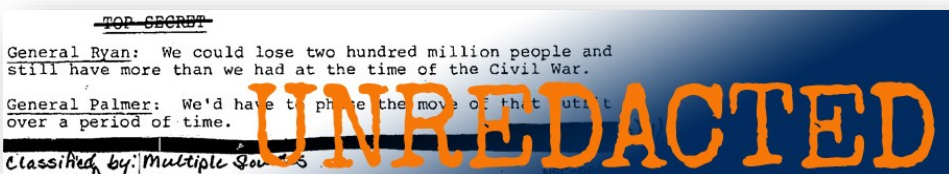
These unusual collections reflect special events, stimulating projects, issues of lasting significance – or just memorable historical moments – that have caught the Archive’s interest over the years.



Pic.7. The “Special Exhibits” page

Unredacted blog

A platform for breaking news and discussion of secrecy, government transparency, FOIA, and the international right to know. Accessible from main menu on any page on Archive’s site (see pic.1), or through the direct link: <https://unredacted.com>



Pic.8. The Unredacted blog banner

Good to know

Latest postings of **Unredacted** blog are listed on the top of the left sidebar on Archive’s home page.

You can find related **Unredacted** postings on the left sidebar on any Archive’s project page.

Specific resources at the National Security Archive - (continued)

Digital National Security Archive (DNSA) – ask your local librarian!

The Archive’s flagship series currently comprises 60 large-scale collections totaling 150,000 documents and a million pages. The DNSA is distributed through the academic publisher ProQuest and the entire series is available at many university and research libraries. **Be sure to check with your local Librarian.**

DNSA collections are compiled by recognized experts and fully indexed by professional librarians. Along with PDFs of the documents, the sets include chronologies, glossaries, and other research aids. For a full listing of titles, [see here](#).



NATIONAL SECURITY ARCHIVE 35+ YEARS OF FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACTION

Home Publications Postings Projects Documents FOIA **DNSA** Blog Русские Страницы About

Site search Search

CHARITY NAVIGATOR **Donate**
Join Email List
Contact

Digital National Security Archive

Documenting the making of U.S. foreign and national security policy

Login if you are a subscriber
Ask your library to subscribe or request a free trial

ABOUT DNSA

The Digital National Security Archive is an invaluable online collection of more than 100,000 declassified records documenting historic U.S. policy decisions.

DNSA provides authoritative access to the original documents—most of them formerly classified and previously unavailable—that underlie the crucial decisions facing presidents from Harry Truman to Barack Obama.

Researchers can directly access the documents that shaped responses to issues ranging from the origins of the Cold War to the terrorist attacks on the World Trade Center and the Pentagon, and beyond.

More >>

SUBSCRIBE

Ask your library to subscribe or

LATEST PUBLICATIONS

Donald Rumsfeld's Snowflakes, Part II: The Pentagon and U.S. Foreign Policy, 2004-2006

The product of a National Security Archive Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) lawsuit, this is the second of a two-part series that contains every known “snowflake” memo Donald Rumsfeld circulated during his tenure as Secretary of Defense to President George W. Bush – over 59,000 pages in all. These unvarnished internal memos offer an extraordinary schematic of U.S. defense and national security policy from a tumultuous period, as well as insights into one of the Bush administration’s more memorable characters.

Donald Rumsfeld's Snowflakes, Part I: The Pentagon and U.S. Foreign Policy, 2001-2003

Donald Rumsfeld’s “snowflakes” are a unique resource, coming directly from the Defense Secretary’s desk. This first tranche provides unprecedented insight into the workings of the Pentagon during the early years of the Bush administration. The collection offers glimpses into Rumsfeld’s day-to-day concerns covering everything from relations with Russia, China, and other nations to DOD’s strategy and conduct in the wars in Afghanistan and Iraq to communications with the White House and battles with the Pentagon bureaucracy.

CHOICE
OUTSTANDING
ACADEMIC TITLE

Choice Magazine (ACRL) names the **Digital National Security Archive** an “outstanding academic title for 2018”

PRAISE FOR DNSA

“I am especially grateful for the work of the National Security Archive ... The Archive is a national treasure. Its digital collections proved invaluable to my research.”

Eric Schlosser, author

“Extraordinary primary documents ... can be found in the Digital National Security Archive.”

Michael Krepon, Arms Control Work

Pic.8. The “Digital National Security Archive ” page and how to access it.

Digital National Security Archive (DNSA) - (continued)

How to use the DNSA

Navigate to the ProQuest *Digital National Security Archive* site either by clicking on [this link](#) or going to your library's Database page and typing "National Security Archive" into the search box.

When you get to the page below, fill in the search query fields as appropriate. Note that you can limit your search any number of ways, including by title, date, author, document type, or collection.

The screenshot shows the ProQuest Digital National Security Archive advanced search interface. At the top, it says "ProQuest" and "Access provided by GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY". The main header is "Digital National Security Archive" with a menu icon on the left and navigation icons on the right. Below the header, there are tabs for "Advanced Search", "Command Line", "Field codes", and "Search tips". The "Advanced Search" tab is active. On the right side, there is a "GW Libraries" logo with the text "Ask a Librarian" below it. The search area contains two input fields for search terms, each followed by an "in" label and a dropdown menu set to "Anywhere". Below these fields is a dropdown menu for "AND" and an "Add a row" button. There is also a "Date:" label with a dropdown menu set to "All dates". A "Search" button and a "Clear form" link are located to the right of the search area. Below the search area, there are four input fields with labels: "Company/organization:", "Classification:", "Subject heading:", and "Person:". Each field has a "Look up" link next to it. At the bottom, there are three expandable panels: "DNSA record type:", "Document type:", and "DNSA collection:". Each panel has a "Select all" checkbox and a list of options with checkboxes. The "DNSA record type" panel lists: DNSA Bibliographies, DNSA Chronologies, DNSA Documents, and DNSA Glossaries. The "Document type" panel lists: Accounting Records, Action Directive, Action Memorandum, Advertisement, Aeronautical Fixed Telecommunications Network Message, and Affidavit. The "DNSA collection" panel lists: Afghanistan, Argentina, 1975-1980, Berlin Crisis, Chile And The United States, China, 1960-1998, China And U.S. Intelligence, 1945-2010, and CIA Covert Operations: From Carter To

Pic.9. ProQuest's *Digital National Security Archive* advanced search page, which you access through your university or other subscribing library.

Digital National Security Archive (DNSA) - (continued)

How to use the DNSA - (continued)

When you get a hit, it will look something like this:

The screenshot shows a ProQuest document page. At the top, the ProQuest logo and 'Access provided by GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY' are visible. The page title is 'Iraq-Iran: Tentative Steps to Improve Ties'. Below the title, it indicates the document is from the 'DNSA collection: U.S. Policy and Iran, 1978-2015' and is a 'Top Secret, Intelligence Memorandum' dated 'September 27, 1993: 3 pp.'. The document content is a 'SPECIAL INTELLIGENCE MEMORANDUM' with a date of '27 September 93'. The document is heavily redacted with vertical black bars and contains several '(b)(3)' markings. The interface includes a ProQuest header, a navigation menu, and a sidebar with search and filtering options.

Pic.10. ProQuest Digital National Security Archive document page

From here you can scroll through the document, check detailed metadata, download, print, email, or get the full citation for footnoting.

Where else can you find documents on the Web?

If you're not finding exactly what you need at [nsarchive.gwu.edu](https://www.nsarchive.gwu.edu) or on [DNSA](https://www.dnsoa.gov/), these online U.S. government repositories contain literally millions of pages of primary documents that are searchable, downloadable, and copyright-free. These are essential resources that every national security or foreign policy researcher should know about.

The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA)



NARA is the “nation’s record keeper,” comprising billions of pages of historically significant government materials (including the Constitution, Declaration of Independence, and Bill of Rights). Archives II is located in College Park, Maryland, and is where most researchers go to explore U.S. federal records.

Access to Archival Databases (AAD) at NARA



AAD is an online, searchable resource covering 60+ archival series at NARA. Among those of most interest to national security researchers are military files from World War II, Korea, Vietnam, the Gulf War, and the War on Terrorism, along with a growing compilation of State Department telegrams from the mid-1970s.

The Presidential Libraries at NARA



NARA maintains 15 libraries of documentation from presidential administrations going back to Franklin Roosevelt. Many of these include museums honoring that particular president and were built with private funds but the archives are maintained by the government. If a document was created by or sent to the president or a member of the White House or NSC staff during a given period, the relevant presidential library is probably the place to start your research.

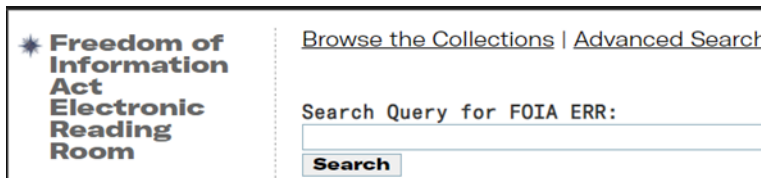
Where else can you find documents on the Web? - (continued)

Department of State FOIA Electronic Reading Room



The State Department posts a large number of materials released to the public under the Freedom of Information Act in its online Reading Room. Most of these are cables to and from embassies and other foreign posts, but there are many emails and other records, too.

Central Intelligence Agency FOIA Electronic Reading Room



Perhaps surprisingly, the CIA also posts a very large quantity of records on its website. Even though many of the materials are incidental items that were simply part of an analyst's file system (including public sources like newspaper clips), and despite the frustrating search engine, this is an absolutely critical resource.

Citing Our Materials

Note: The National Security Archive follows *The Chicago Manual of Style*. The online manual and its "Quick Guide" are at <http://www.chicagomanualofstyle.org/home.html>.

Published Collections

I. To cite correspondence such as letters, memoranda, and cables identify as many of the following elements as are available and relevant:

- Names of sender and recipient
- Title or subject
- Place at which it was written
- Type of communication and identifying number
- Date of communication
- Title of published collection
- Editor of published collection
- Place of publication, publisher, and publication year
- Document number

Examples:

John F. Kennedy to Nikita S. Khrushchev, 22 October 1962, *The Cuban Missile Crisis, 1962*, ed. Laurence Chang (Washington, D.C.: The National Security Archive and Chadwyck-Healey, 1990), Digital National Security Archive accession number CC00844.

Armin H. Meyer to Secstate, "Iranian Arms for Jordan," Tehran, cable 04494, 2 May 1968, *Iran: The Making of U.S. Policy, 1977-1980*, ed. Eric Hooglund (Washington, D.C.: The National Security Archive and Chadwyck-Healey, 1990), Digital National Security Archive accession number IR00661.

II. To cite documents other than correspondence, such as all kinds of reports, memoranda of conversation, and executive orders, identify as many of the following elements as are available and relevant:

- Personal or corporate author
- Title of document
- Type of document and identifying number
- Date of document
- Title of published collection
- Editor of published collection
- Place of publication, publisher, and publication year
- Document number

Examples:

Harlan Cleveland, "A Most Dangerous Time," speech, 23 November 1962, *The Cuban Missile Crisis, 1962*, ed. Lawrence Chang (Washington, D.C.: The National Security Archive and Chadwyck-Healey, 1990), Digital National Security Archive accession number CC02570.

U.S. Department of State, Bureau of Intelligence and Research, "Land Reform in Iran: Implications for the Shah's 'White Revolution'," memorandum RNA-3, 8 February 1965, *Iran: The Making of U.S. Policy, 1977-1980*, ed. Eric Hooglund, (Washington, D.C.: The National Security Archive and Chadwyck-Healey, 1990), Digital National Security Archive accession number IR00548.

Citing Our Materials - (continued)

Bibliographic Entries for Published Collections and Web Briefing Books

Examples:

Chang, Laurence, ed. *The Cuban Missile Crisis, 1962*. Washington, D.C.: The National Security Archive and Chadwyck-Healey, 1990.

Hooglund, Eric, ed. *Iran: The Making of U.S. Policy, 1977-1980*. Washington, D.C.: The National Security Archive and Chadwyck-Healey, 1990.

Gregg Henneman, "Black Sheep Over Iraq: The 8th Fighter Squadron in Operation Iraqi Freedom," November 2004, Secret, in Jeffrey T. Richelson, "The Area 51 File: Secret Aircraft and Soviet MiGs," EBB #443, October 29, 2013, <https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/briefing-book/intelligence/2013-10-29/area-51-file->



Pic.11. Gelman Library at George Washington University—home of the National Security Archive.

Terms and Conditions

A fundamental tenet of the National Security Archive's mission is to expand and enhance public discourse on U.S. foreign, intelligence and economic policy. Unless particular materials are specifically restricted as noted on the site, it is the National Security Archive's policy to encourage reproduction and distribution of the materials posted on our site. Your use of this site indicates your acceptance of these terms and conditions.

License to Use Materials Posted on Web Site

You may copy, reproduce and distribute materials from this site pursuant to this nonexclusive, limited license, provided that:

1. You maintain all copyright, trademark or other proprietary notices contained in any site content in the course of any use of such content. Copyright is not claimed as to any work of the United States government.
2. You cite the National Security Archive as the source of the materials in any reproduction, publication, distribution, or transfer of the materials and you link to the www.nsarchive.org Web site in any electronic reproduction, publication, distribution, or transfer of the materials.
 - a. When reproducing, publishing, distributing, or transferring a published or unpublished document in the National Security Archive collection, you credit the National Security Archive as the source of the document. For your convenience, we provide citation standards for unpublished and published documents in the National Security Archive collection.
 - b. When reproducing, publishing, distributing, or transferring an article or section of the Web site in its entirety, you include the following statement: "These materials are reproduced from www.nsarchive.org with the permission of the National Security Archive."
 - c. You may not edit or otherwise change the substance of the content in any reproduction, publication, distribution, or transfer of an article or section of the Web site that is credited to the National Security Archive, except that you may excerpt portions of the content with credit to the author, where applicable, and the National Security Archive.

Limitation of Liability

The National Security Archive site includes information about the Freedom of Information Act and other laws relating to access to government information. This information does not constitute legal advice. The law changes very rapidly and, accordingly, we do not guarantee that any information on this Web site is accurate and up-to-date. Additionally, the law differs from jurisdiction to jurisdiction, and is subject to interpretation of courts located in each jurisdiction. Legal advice must be tailored to the specific circumstances of each case and the tools and information provided to you may not be an appropriate fit in your case. Nothing that you read or is provided on this Web site should be used as a substitute for the advice of competent legal counsel.

Terms and Conditions - (continued)

Disclaimer of Warranties - (continued)

The National Security Archive, its officers, directors, employees, subcontractors, agents, successors, or assigns shall not be liable for any loss, injury, claim, liability, or damage of any kind, including any special or consequential damages, resulting in any way from the unavailability or interruption of its site, delays, inaccuracies, errors or omissions on its site, or in the transmission or delivery of all or any part thereof.

Disclaimer of Warranties

The materials contained on this Web site have been prepared and compiled by the National Security Archive as a service to its readers. The National Security Archive endeavors to provide accurate material on its Web site, but it does not warrant or guarantee the accuracy, completeness, adequacy or currency of the information contained in or linked to this Web site. People using these or other government documents are reminded that government records sometimes contain material that is unverified, inaccurate, distorted or untrue. Further, under the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. Sec. 552a), federal agencies are not required to verify personal information that may be released under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. Sec. 552). The government records available on this site are merely true facsimiles of government records, to the best of our knowledge, and the Archive has not necessarily verified their content independently. Users of information from the National Security Archive site and related sites or links do so at their own risk.

THE SITE, AND ALL ITS CONTENTS, AND ALL SERVICES AVAILABLE THROUGH THIS SITE ARE PROVIDED TO YOU "AS IS" AND "AS AVAILABLE," WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THE RIGHTS OF THIRD PARTIES. YOUR RELIANCE ON ANY INFORMATION FOUND ON THE SITE IS AT YOUR OWN RISK. BECAUSE SOME JURISDICTIONS DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN WARRANTIES, THESE EXCLUSIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

Contact Us

If you still have a question about Archive sources or need more information, please let us know by using our contact form ([click here](#)). Because most of us are working remotely, we can't promise to get back to you immediately, but we check these queries daily and will do our best to respond as quickly as possible.



*National Security Archive
Suite 701, Gelman Library
George Washington University
2130 H Street, NW
Washington, D.C., 20037*

*Phone: 202/994-7000
Fax: 202/994-7005
nsarchiv@gwu.edu*